

REPORT OF THE BOARD
OF CHARITIES OF THE
DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

1925

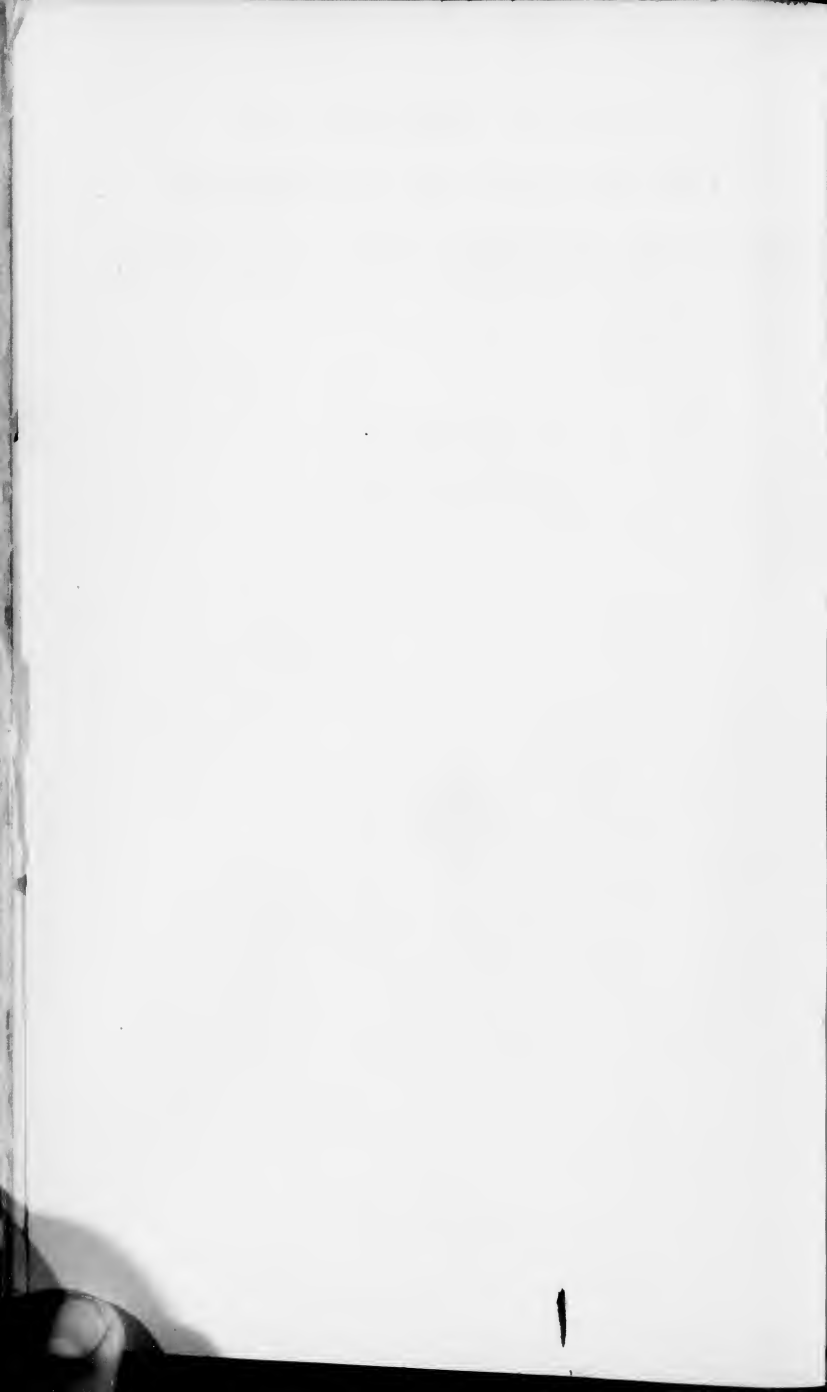


ANNUAL REPORT OF
THE BOARD OF CHARITIES
OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

YEAR ENDED
JUNE 30, 1925



WASHINGTON
GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE
1925



REPORT OF THE BOARD OF CHARITIES OF THE DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA

To the Congress:

(Through the Commissioners of the District of Columbia):

In accordance with the provisions of the act of Congress approved June 6, 1900, the Board of Charities has the honor to submit its twenty-fifth annual report, the same being for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1925.

The present membership of the board is as follows:

	Term expires June 30 —
Hon. Kathryn Sellers.....	1926
W. T. Galliher.....	1926
John Joy Edson.....	1927
George M. Kober.....	1927
William J. Kerby.....	1928

Officers of the board

John Joy Edson.....	President.
George M. Kober.....	Vice president.
George S. Wilson.....	Secretary.

Standing committees

On medical charities.....	{ George M. Kober, chairman. Judge Sellers.
On child-caring work.....	{ Judge Sellers, chairman. W. T. Galliher.
On reformatories and correctional institutions.....	{ W. T. Galliher, chairman. Wm. J. Kerby.
On miscellaneous institutions.....	{ Wm. J. Kerby, chairman. George M. Kober.

The president of the board is ex officio a member of all standing committees.

BILL TO CREATE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WELFARE

The bill "to establish a board of public welfare in the District of Columbia, to determine its functions, and for other purposes," which was pending in the Congress at the time of our last report failed of passage. It was passed by the House of Representatives and favorably reported to the Senate. Because of objection by one Senator in the closing days of the session, it failed to reach a vote in the Senate. This bill, which was prepared by the commission on public welfare legislation appointed by the Commissioners of the District of Columbia after very careful study, provides for the creation of a single board of public welfare which would have general supervision and control over all local public welfare agencies. It would abolish certain existing boards including the board of charities and would unify all local public welfare work under the new board to be created. The bill will doubtless be presented to Congress for consideration again at the pending session. The Board of Charities has given its approval to this measure because it is believed that it would promote

the interests of economy and efficiency in the administration of our welfare institutions.

The commission on public welfare has under consideration other measures of importance including a new juvenile court bill, a mother's pension bill, better lunacy laws and adult probation and parole laws, and an indeterminate sentence law. Proposed legislation on these subjects will probably be presented to Congress at the forthcoming session.

DISTRICT TRAINING SCHOOL

The most notable event to be recorded during the year was the actual opening of the District Training School at Annapolis Junction, Md. This is the new institution for the care and training of feeble-minded children. It is located on a beautiful tract of land of 827 acres lying midway between Baltimore and Washington adjoining Camp Meade reservation. A temporary building having been erected, the first boys were received at the school on March 10, 1925. On that date 10 boys were received. The boys thus far have been engaged in clearing and grading for the location of buildings repairing roads, digging trenches, etc., and in general farm work. A good garden was started in time to supply vegetables in abundance during the summer. An encouraging beginning has been made in actual farm work; 60 acres of corn were planted and a good yield will furnish sufficient grain and forage for the stock, chicken, hogs, etc., during the coming winter. Enough potatoes have been raised also to meet the institution needs until next spring.

A farm colony building which will accommodate 36 boys has been completed and will be occupied at once. Pending erection of the dormitory buildings for the institution proper the school will be able to receive only these 36 or 40 of the larger boys who will constitute the farm colony.

DORMITORY BUILDINGS NOW BEING ERECTED

Work on the dormitories for the main institution, which is located about one-half mile from the farm colony, is progressing and it is planned to have three buildings completed before the end of the present fiscal year, June 30, 1926. When these buildings are completed the institution will be able to accommodate about 200 children. Additional appropriations should be made at once to enlarge the capacity of the school to at least 500. A careful study of the reports of the various social agencies and an actual census made a few years ago by the Federal Children's Bureau showed that there are more than 800 feeble-minded children in the District of Columbia. It is a conservative estimate to say that at least 500 of these children need the training and supervision of this institution.

ENACTMENT OF LAW GOVERNING DISTRICT TRAINING SCHOOL

At its last session Congress passed a law known as "An act to provide for commitments to, maintenance in, and discharges from the District Training School, and for other purposes," approved March 3, 1925. This law provides a method of commitment to the institution and gives to the institution the necessary legal authority

for the control, discipline, parole, and discharge of those committed to its care. It also provides a judicial method for the determining of the condition of feeble-mindedness. The act provides that the school shall be known as the "District Training School" and this eliminates all reference to feeble-minded in the official title of the school.

GALLINGER MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL

It is most unfortunate that the building program at the Gallinger Municipal Hospital has been interrupted because of lack of appropriations. The new buildings thus far provided furnish adequate accommodations for the psychopathic wards and they are being utilized to such an extent as to emphasize the importance of this department. The general medical and surgical departments of the hospital, however, are still housed in the old wooden buildings which are almost literally falling to pieces and which, by competent authority, were designated a disgrace to the capital city nearly 20 years ago.

BUILDING APPROPRIATIONS ASKED

The board has submitted estimates of appropriations to continue the building program at Gallinger Hospital and also at the District Training School. The Commissioners have heartily supported our recommendations in these items and have submitted them to the Bureau of the Budget with a favorable report. These are the two most urgent needs involving appropriations in any considerable amount and we urge upon Congress the importance of prompt and favorable action.

REVIEW OF THE YEAR'S ACTIVITIES

In reviewing the work of the year the board notes that there has been no marked increase or decrease in the number of public dependents and delinquents. There has been a further increase in the number of persons treated at the new psychopathic wards of the Gallinger Municipal Hospital. This increase was anticipated when this service was installed. The increased number of patients treated at the psychopathic wards does not indicate an increase in the number of mental cases in the community but simply that service is now being rendered in cases of need where heretofore such service was not available. Doubtless in the past many persons were sent to the hospital for the insane who might have been treated at the psychopathic wards and returned to their homes without the necessity of commitment to a hospital for insane. Of the 2,369 patients discharged from the psychopathic wards during the year, only 357 were sent to St. Elizabeths Hospital while 702 were discharged as not in need of further treatment or supervision and 520 more were discharged in care of relatives. These facts bear conclusive testimony of the important public service rendered.

The only other considerable increase in population has been at the workhouse, where the daily average increased from 335 to 413. This increase has been more marked since the close of the fiscal year and at the present time (October 23) the number has reached 499. This increase is attributed very largely to the imposition of prison sentences for violation of the traffic regulations.

WORK OF VARIOUS DEPARTMENTS

The work of the year is reviewed briefly under four divisions corresponding to the four standing committees of the board, as follows:

I. Reformatories and correctional institutions.

II. Medical charities.

III. Child-caring work.

IV. Miscellaneous institutions.

I. REFORMATORY AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

REFORMATORY

[For confinement and reformation of prisoners serving sentences of one year or more]

Substantial progress in the erection of buildings at the reformatory has been made. The largest building undertaken during the year was the building for mess hall, kitchen, storerooms, etc. This building is now near completion and when ready it will enable the institution to receive a greatly increased number of prisoners and thus avoid the necessity of sending many prisoners to the Federal penitentiaries at Atlanta and Leavenworth as in the past.

The railroad from the wharf has now been completed to the reformatory and the right of way is being graded to make connection with the Richmond, Fredericksburg & Potomac Railroad near Lorton. When this connection is completed it will greatly add to the transportation facilities. The institutions will not then be wholly dependent upon river transportation as at present. As soon as additional prisoners are received at the institution, made possible by the completion of some of the new buildings, additional industries will be installed. The health of the prisoners has been excellent.

DISCIPLINE EXCELLENT

The fact that during the year, among 296 prisoners handled, there were only 3 attempted escapes, all of which were unsuccessful, bears evidence of the good discipline at the institution and strikingly illustrates the fact that even the longer-term prisoners can be handled successfully in the open dormitory system.

WORKHOUSE

[A place for the confinement and employment of petty criminals sentenced for terms of one year or less]

Reference has already been made to the fact that the population of the workhouse has increased and continues to increase, due, it is believed, largely to the imposition of prison sentences for violation of the traffic regulations.

The first of the permanent buildings for the workhouse, a brick dormitory, has been completed. The institution has heretofore been housed in the temporary wooden buildings that were erected when the institution was established at Occoquan in 1910. Work on the erection of permanent buildings, all of which will be of brick, will be continued as rapidly as the appropriations permit.

The new brickmaking machinery has been installed and the institution now has a capacity of approximately 6,000,000 bricks per year. Approximately 3,500,000 bricks were made during the past year.

JAIL

[Place of detention for prisoners awaiting trial]

The jail is still crowded far beyond its reasonable capacity. The daily average number of prisoners during the year was 368, an increase of 13 over the preceding year. The daily average population at the jail has gradually increased from 214 in 1912 up to the present number of 368. The total number of commitments was 9,681, an increase of 2,050 over the preceding year. There were 4,728 persons committed for intoxication, an increase of 1,108 over the preceding year.

An analysis of the offenses for which persons were committed reveals the fact that there was no apparent increase in the more serious crimes. Persons sentenced to the jail are subject to transfer to the institutions at Occoquan and it is the practice of the administrative officers to transfer prisoners to these latter institutions whenever it is found practicable to do so. Only the short-term prisoners are kept at the jail, those serving from 5 to 15 days and a few others at times who may be needed to do special work at the institution. The jail is, of course, primarily a place for temporary detention of prisoners awaiting trial, imposition of sentence, or removal to other institutions. There were 409 prisoners in the jail July 1, 1925, and of this number 176 were serving sentences, 23 were awaiting transfer to other institutions, and 210 were awaiting action of the grand jury or courts. The board has given careful consideration to this matter of overcrowding at the jail and hopes to be able to report a definite remedy; whether through the enlargement of the jail building or otherwise has not yet been determined.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR BOYS AND NATIONAL TRAINING
SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

[Institutions for the training of incorrigible boys and girls committed by the courts for minor offenses]

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR BOYS

The daily average number of boys, Federal and local, at the National Training School for Boys was 327 as compared with 297 the preceding year. The average number of boys from the District of Columbia decreased from 132 to 115. The average rate charged by the school for maintenance of District boys was \$7.54 per week, total amount of bills for the year being \$45,333.57.

It is encouraging to report that since 1921 the number of District boys at the training school has decreased from an average of 179 to 115. This would indicate that treatment of wayward boys by probation and other preventive agencies is showing beneficial results.

NATIONAL TRAINING SCHOOL FOR GIRLS

The daily average number of girls at this institution has increased from 70 to 91. The actual number of girls in the institution on June 30, 1925, was 103. This increase in numbers does not imply an increase in the volume of delinquency among young girls, but rather is due to the fact that the school has better facilities for their care

than heretofore and is able to keep them for longer periods, thus affording a better opportunity for training and discipline.

The school has improved its service in many directions and especially in its medical service. Very thorough work is now being done in the treatment of venereal diseases.

The new building for the branch at Muirkirk is nearly completed and will be occupied before winter.

II. MEDICAL CHARITIES

GALLINGER MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL

Reference has already been made to the important service rendered at the psychopathic wards of the Gallinger Municipal Hospital. The service in the general wards of the hospital has been as satisfactory as could be expected in spite of the adverse conditions imposed by the old dilapidated wooden buildings. In the earlier part of this report we have urged the importance of appropriations for the work of construction at the Gallinger Hospital so that these old wooden buildings may be replaced by modern substantial hospital structures.

LADIES' AUXILIARY BOARD

The ladies' auxiliary board, consisting of five women serving without compensation, has been most helpful in improving conditions at the hospital. They have given unstintedly of their time and thought for the benefit of the service. The occupational therapy, which has been so helpful for the patients at the psychopathic wards, has been maintained entirely by the financial support of one of the members of the ladies' auxiliary. Much has been done to improve the conditions of the nurses' home and the nursing service has been brought to a higher degree of efficiency than heretofore largely through the counsel and support of the ladies board.

SOCIAL SERVICE WORKERS

The hospital very greatly needs a small staff of social-service workers to do follow-up work in the homes of the patients after they leave the hospital. It has been found by experience that much of the service rendered in hospitals is without permanent beneficial effect unless it is supplemented by a follow-up service that goes with the patients into their homes and by a study of conditions there, instructions in matters of personal and household hygiene, and other simple rules, encourages the patients to live in such a manner as to avoid, in large measure, reoccurrence of ailments and return to the hospital. Social-service workers are a part of the staff of most modern hospitals and their services are especially necessary in municipal hospitals such as the Gallinger Hospital where many of the least resourceful people in the community must be treated. Worry over domestic difficulties is a frequent cause of illness and experienced social workers can do much to remedy this condition. Hospital social service is also a distinct economy as it lessens very considerably the amount of necessary hospital care.

TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITAL

The daily average number of patients at the Tuberculosis Hospital during the year was 123 as compared with 109 the preceding year and 124 two years ago. The population of this hospital has not greatly increased during the past 10 years notwithstanding the large increase in the population of the city. This is doubtless attributable to the fact that the campaign against tuberculosis, by its educational and other efforts, has made such headway that the death rate from this disease and the prevalence of disease has been very greatly lessened during this period. The Tuberculosis Hospital has been an important factor in this campaign for the prevention and eradication of the disease.

The new nurses' home has been completed and occupied by the nurses and the space thus vacated has been devoted in part to the care of patients and in part, for the time being, is used for sleeping quarters for hospital employees.

PAY PATIENTS AT GALLINGER MUNICIPAL HOSPITAL AND TUBERCULOSIS HOSPITAL

In accordance with the law approved June 7, 1924, pay patients are now admitted to the psychopathic wards of the Gallinger Hospital and to the Tuberculosis Hospital. The rates fixed by the commissioners under this law are \$3 per day at the Gallinger Hospital and \$2 per day at the Tuberculosis Hospital. During the year 49 pay patients were treated at the Gallinger Hospital and the receipts from this source were \$2,365. At the Tuberculosis Hospital 20 pay patients were treated and the receipts were \$2,394. It is the policy of the commissioners to fix the rates at approximately the actual cost to the District of Columbia. Well-to-do persons who can afford treatment in private institutions, where such are available, are not encouraged to enter these municipal institutions. The pay-patient service is meant for the benefit of persons of small means unable to pay the usual rates at private institutions and yet desirous of paying to the extent of their ability. This arrangement enables self-respecting people of limited means to avoid being classed as indigent persons and at the same time relieves the District from the burden of the care of patients that would necessarily be accepted as free patients if there was no arrangement by which they could pay moderate rates. The law very properly provides that pay patients shall not be admitted at any time when such admission would prevent the admission of free patients.

NUMBER OF INDIGENT PATIENTS IN HOSPITALS

The daily average number of indigent patients cared for in all of the several hospitals under the supervision of the Board of Charities was 702, an increase of 26 over the preceding year. This increase is largely accounted for by increased service at the psychopathic wards and shows only a very slight increase at other institutions. There has been no marked increase in the number of public patients cared for by the District of Columbia for the past 8 or 10

years. Indeed the daily average number of indigent patients for the past year, 702, is considerably less than it was in 1916 when the number was 921. This is an encouraging fact and shows that our hospital patients are paying for their care to a greater extent than was the case 10 years ago. During this period the number of pay patients has very greatly increased.

III. CHILD-CARING WORK

BOARD OF CHILDREN'S GUARDIANS

[A public agency to which is committed the guardianship of delinquent, dependent, and neglected children]

It is unnecessary at this place to refer at length to the public work on behalf of dependent and delinquent children. The report of that service is set forth at length and in detail in the report of the Board of Children's Guardians submitted herewith.

The daily average number of children under the care of the Board of Children's Guardians was 1,641, an increase of only 10 over the preceding year. The actual number of children under the care of the board is about 500 less than it was seven years ago.

The Board of Children's Guardians had in the past always been handicapped by lack of a sufficient number of workers for investigation and supervision of children. In recent years the staff has been substantially increased and the board is now in position to do better work in child placing and supervision than at any time heretofore. The professional service—medical, dental, and surgical—has been greatly improved in recent years and more careful attention given to the study of the mental capacities of the children.

INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL FOR WHITE CHILDREN

[A temporary home controlled by the Board of Children's Guardians for reception and training of white children]

The daily average number of children at this school during the year was 80 as compared with 58 the preceding year. Two years ago this school was placed under the direct management of the Board of Children's Guardians and has been converted into a receiving home where children are examined, treated, and distributed according to their needs. It is also used to give a period of institutional training to such children as need it prior to their placement in family homes.

Extensive repairs and improvements to the buildings and grounds have been made during the year. A swimming pool was constructed largely through the donation of private funds.

INDUSTRIAL HOME SCHOOL FOR COLORED CHILDREN

[An industrial school for the training of colored children who are wards of the Board of Children's Guardians]

The daily average number at this school during the year was 85. The capacity of the school is a maximum of 90, and it is always crowded and there is demand at all time for admission of additional children. The Board of Children's Guardians has under its care many children who would benefit by the training afforded by this

school who can not be received because of limited capacity. The school is giving training in agriculture and domestic science and the industrial branches so far as the limited facilities will permit. During the year a shoe-repair shop and automobile-repair shop were installed. The school needs additional cottages to meet the insistent demands for admission of other children. There should also be a superintendent's residence and a separate building for industrial shops.

NEED OF PROVISION FOR COLORED GIRLS

Because of crowded conditions this school has thus far been able to receive boys only. There is a very urgent need for similar training for colored girls, and provision for their care should be made promptly, either at this institution or in a separate place.

NEED OF RECEIVING HOME

Because the Board of Children's Guardians does not have a temporary home, both of the Industrial Home Schools, one for white and the other colored, are used for the temporary care of children as well as for the training of those who need to remain for a considerable period of time. If the Board of Children's Guardians were equipped with a temporary receiving home for both white and colored children, the two industrial schools would be able then to devote their efforts to greater advantage to the industrial training for which they were designed.

DISTRICT TRAINING SCHOOL

[A public institution located near Annapolis Junction, Md., owned and managed by the District government for the training of feeble-minded children.]

A statement covering the organization of this school and the progress thus far made is contained in the earlier part of this report. It is earnestly urged that sufficient appropriations be made to carry on the work of construction of buildings so that within the next four or five years the capacity of the school may be sufficient to care for all those needing its training and supervision.

IV. MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS

HOME FOR THE AGED AND INFIRM

[A permanent home for aged and infirm indigent persons]

The daily average number at this institution was 286 as compared with 278 the preceding year. It is worthy of note that the inmates of this home number less than they did in 1918, when the daily average was 339. This institution affords a very satisfactory home for aged and infirm persons who are a permanent charge on the public bounty.

MUNICIPAL LODGING HOUSE

[A temporary lodging house conducted by the city for homeless men out of employment and without means]

The total number of lodgings furnished at the Municipal Lodging House during the year was 6,818 as compared with 5,372 the pre-

ceding year. Some minor improvements have been made in building and yard of the institution during the year. The place is kept in very excellent condition considering the physical handicaps of the old building.

TEMPORARY HOME FOR EX-UNION SOLDIERS AND SAILORS

[An institution maintained by the District government, but managed by representatives of various veterans' organizations, for the purpose of providing a temporary home for indigent soldiers who come to Washington because of some business with the Federal departments]

The daily average number cared for at this institution was 21 as compared with 15 the preceding year. This home, which formerly cared for soldiers and sailors other than those of the World War, was by legislation two years ago opened to soldiers of the World War. Since that time the numbers have steadily increased from a daily average of 12 to an average of 21. The home provides a temporary abiding place for soldiers and sailors who come to Washington, usually to press claims against the Government, such as application for pension or other allowances on account of military service.

FLORENCE CRITTENTON HOME

The population of this home has greatly increased since it moved into its new quarters at Conduit and New Cut Roads NW. Within the year the home has completed and occupied a hospital building which is admirably adapted to its purposes and adds very greatly to its facilities for the care of maternity cases. This home gives a most intelligent care to a class of patients not adequately provided for elsewhere and especially it enables the mother with her child to obtain a start in the world when she leaves the institution. The home has had most encouraging success in finding places where a mother can keep her child with her and earn sufficient to maintain herself and child.

INSANE

The daily average number of District of Columbia insane persons cared for at St. Elizabeths Hospital during the year was 2,007 as compared with 1,906 the preceding year.

DEPORTATION OF NONRESIDENT INSANE

Our agents continue to investigate carefully cases of nonresident patients committed to the hospital for temporary care and return them to their homes or the places of their legal residence in all cases where the investigation warrants such procedure. In the past year a total of 166 patients were taken from the list of those chargeable to the District of Columbia and were disposed of as follows:

Transferred to other hospitals or to their homes.....	113
Turned over to relatives or friends.....	25
Transferred to the United States Veterans' Bureau.....	21
Deported to foreign countries.....	7
Total.....	166

The number admitted during the year was 442, as compared with 402 the preceding year, an increase of 40. The number admitted and deported for each year since 1905 is as follows:

Year	Admitted	Deported	Year	Admitted	Deported
1905.....	384	60	1917.....	486	99
1906.....	347	54	1918.....	388	121
1907.....	327	65	1919.....	512	132
1908.....	316	63	1920.....	561	135
1909.....	309	55	1921.....	485	141
1910.....	317	83	1922.....	461	114
1911.....	330	82	1923.....	479	110
1912.....	391	70	1924.....	402	133
1913.....	375	66	1925.....	442	145
1914.....	432	95			
1915.....	389	93	Total	8, 576	2, 002
1916.....	443	86			

The number of those taken from the list chargeable to the District of Columbia since 1901, as the result of our investigations, is as follows:

1901.....	16	1915.....	100
1902.....	33	1916.....	89
1903.....	96	1917.....	107
1904.....	78	1918.....	126
1905.....	84	1919.....	137
1906.....	71	1920.....	151
1907.....	66	1921.....	155
1908.....	67	1922.....	142
1909.....	58	1923.....	118
1910.....	92	1924.....	144
1911.....	90	1925.....	166
1912.....	83		
1913.....	92	Total	2, 464
1914.....	103		

We submit herewith the report of the secretary containing sundry information, together with the separate reports of the various institutions subject to our supervision.

The board acknowledges the courtesy and cooperation of the officers and representatives of the various institutions and organizations subject to our supervision and expresses its appreciation for the hearty cooperation and support it has received from the Commissioners of the District of Columbia.

Respectfully submitted.

JOHN JOY EDSON,
GEORGE M. KOBER,
KATHRYN SELLERS,
WM. J. KERBY,
W. T. GALLIHER,

Board of Charities of the District of Columbia.

Attest:

GEORGE S. WILSON, *Secretary.*

Table showing the number of free patients admitted to and the daily average present in the 11 hospitals under the supervision of the Board of Charities during the year ending June 30, 1925

CASUALTY

	Number of admissions					Daily average number in hos- pital
	White		Colored		Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female		
July.....	5	0	23	11	39	9.39
August.....	16	7	29	17	69	13.32
September.....	15	6	22	8	51	16.10
October.....	16	11	17	7	51	14.23
November.....	8	8	17	13	46	15.53
December.....	13	5	26	4	48	13.94
January.....	4	6	6	6	22	8.94
February.....	5	4	13	4	26	7.92
March.....	7	3	17	7	34	10.03
April.....	5	6	11	3	25	8.10
May.....	4	5	8	8	25	9.29
June.....	9	3	10	9	31	10.10
Total.....	107	64	199	97	467	11.42

CHILDREN'S

July.....	14	9	29	18	70	45.52
August.....	21	13	35	31	100	49.42
September.....	10	19	19	20	68	33.30
October.....	11	7	31	21	70	32.55
November.....	16	9	32	19	76	34.30
December.....	9	3	10	13	35	27.13
January.....	17	12	21	17	67	35.03
February.....	17	16	31	15	79	39.39
March.....	26	15	37	22	100	42.68
April.....	20	17	36	17	90	45.70
May.....	10	10	22	24	66	39.68
June.....	16	10	39	15	80	33.87
Total.....	187	140	342	232	901	38.22

COLUMBIA

July.....	5	16	7	29	57	22.35
August.....	3	9	16	63	91	33.23
September.....	1	6	18	74	99	40.90
October.....	3	9	13	56	81	34.13
November.....	2	11	12	50	75	34.33
December.....	1	8	7	28	44	22.29
January.....	1	3	10	48	62	16.90
February.....	3	16	20	57	96	43.39
March.....	5	11	8	40	64	28.13
April.....	2	12	5	33	52	26.07
May.....	3	8	9	46	66	27.61
June.....	4	10	9	58	81	30.66
Total.....	33	119	134	582	868	29.86

Table showing the number of free patients admitted to and the daily average present in the 11 hospitals under the supervision of the Board of Charities during the year ending June 30, 1925—Continued

EMERGENCY

	Number of admissions					Daily average number in hospital
	White		Colored		Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female		
July.....	18	17	30	13	78	28.61
August.....	23	12	28	22	85	31.74
September.....	20	13	29	18	80	35.10
October.....	29	13	17	18	77	25.58
November.....	29	9	30	13	81	27.73
December.....	25	14	24	16	79	31.87
January.....	18	9	32	16	75	35.84
February.....	8	16	18	19	61	30.00
March.....	18	25	19	18	80	21.65
April.....	20	10	31	23	84	21.36
May.....	17	13	13	13	56	16.90
June.....	17	14	32	11	74	17.80
Total.....	242	165	303	200	910	27.01

FREEDMEN'S

July.....	1	0	114	159	274	156.77
August.....	0	0	147	155	302	174.83
September.....	0	0	108	126	234	172.87
October.....	1	1	116	127	245	159.90
November.....	1	0	100	133	234	168.30
December.....	2	1	104	132	239	161.90
January.....	2	0	116	128	246	174.48
February.....	0	2	103	132	237	182.04
March.....	0	0	123	142	265	167.65
April.....	1	0	117	149	267	168.93
May.....	0	0	113	134	247	163.65
June.....	3	0	89	141	233	155.57
Total.....	11	4	1,350	1,658	3,023	167.13

GARFIELD

July.....	3	8	13	18	42	17.65
August.....	7	5	4	11	27	18.71
September.....	4	6	2	26	38	19.47
October.....	1	3	13	18	35	21.55
November.....	2	4	7	18	31	24.40
December.....	4	7	17	15	43	24.65
January.....	3	7	28	33	71	33.84
February.....	2	3	15	13	33	30.68
March.....	2	3	21	23	49	27.55
April.....	2	3	20	19	44	21.90
May.....			19	23	42	20.42
June.....	2	1	8	11	22	17.43
Total.....	32	50	167	228	477	23.15

Table showing the number of free patients admitted to and the daily average present in the 11 hospitals under the supervision of the Board of Charities during the year ending June 30, 1925—Continued

GEORGETOWN UNIVERSITY

	Number of admissions					Daily average number in hos-pital
	White		Colored		Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female		
July.....	2	3	2	6	13	6.09
August.....	4	10	3	7	24	14.19
September.....	3	4	6	11	24	15.37
October.....	6	5	4	8	23	13.74
November.....	8	7	1	11	27	14.06
December.....	4	2	4	7	17	14.09
January.....	6	8	2	7	23	20.29
February.....	4	2	0	6	12	13.64
March.....	0	0	0	0	0	7.84
April.....	0	0	0	0	0	2.50
May.....	0	0	0	0	0	1.00
June.....	0	0	0	0	0	1.03
Total.....	37	41	22	63	163	10.32

GEORGE WASHINGTON UNIVERSITY

July.....	6	7			13	6.00
August.....	5	8			13	5.09
September.....	3	7			10	5.00
October.....	4	6			10	7.71
November.....	3	7			10	6.93
December.....	6	8			14	10.48
January.....	6	12			18	13.97
February.....	8	4			12	11.71
March.....	1	5			6	7.23
April.....	4	2			6	4.07
May.....		2			2	4.52
June.....						2.90
Total.....	46	68			114	7.12

PROVIDENCE

July.....	9	8	10	10	37	12.68
August.....	4	10	5	8	27	12.77
September.....	5	9	2	7	23	13.67
October.....	5	8	11	19	43	19.00
November.....	7	8	6	15	36	19.77
December.....	10	10	10	10	40	19.35
January.....	11	11	14	11	47	28.16
February.....	12	7	3	6	28	31.68
March.....	11	14	5	7	37	24.03
April.....	3	7	8	7	25	21.93
May.....	9	10	9	7	35	22.42
June.....	12	5	9	5	31	21.93
Total.....	98	107	92	112	409	20.54

Table showing the number of free patients admitted to and the daily average present in the 11 hospitals under the supervision of the Board of Charities during the year ending June 30, 1925—Continued

TUBERCULOSIS

	Number of admissions					Daily average number in hospital
	White		Colored		Total	
	Male	Female	Male	Female		
July	6	2	6	9	23	119.16
August	3	3	6	9	21	120.77
September	2	4	10	6	22	120.13
October	5	4	8	8	25	124.32
November	7	1	7	6	21	118.70
December	2	6	11	5	24	116.45
January	5	2	2	8	17	116.80
February	7	5	5	6	23	119.96
March	8	5	7	6	26	123.39
April	11	3	6	11	31	125.17
May	7	6	6	9	28	130.52
June	3	3	9	6	21	136.70
Total	66	44	83	89	282	122.67

GALLINGER MUNICIPAL

July.....	114	33	77	92	316	236.97
August.....	94	34	82	86	296	214.35
September.....	93	45	73	100	311	250.57
October.....	122	43	97	92	354	257.81
November.....	113	27	82	84	306	245.10
December.....	132	35	84	87	338	241.29
January.....	119	48	89	78	334	256.68
February.....	91	37	82	86	296	252.14
March.....	119	49	78	86	332	238.19
April.....	145	56	96	110	407	240.43
May.....	118	46	98	87	349	246.77
June.....	111	47	89	101	348	250.97
Total.....	1,371	500	1,027	1,089	3,987	244.18

SUMMARY

	Number of admissions				Total	Average daily number in hospital	Average number days each patient was in hospital
	White		Colored				
	Male	Female	Male	Female			
Casualty	107	64	199	97	467	11.42	8.74
Children's	187	140	342	232	901	38.22	14.70
Columbia	33	119	134	582	868	29.86	12.15
Emergency	242	165	303	260	910	27.01	10.57
Freedmen's	11	4	1,350	1,658	3,023	167.13	19.20
Garfield	32	50	167	228	477	23.15	17.53
George Washington	46	68	0	0	114	7.12	22.61
Georgetown	37	41	22	63	163	10.32	22.55
Providence	98	107	92	112	409	20.54	18.33
Tuberculosis	66	44	83	89	282	122.67	111.38
Gallinger	1,371	500	1,027	1,089	3,987	244.18	21.01
Total	2,230	1,302	3,719	4,350	11,601	701.62	20.91

PHYSICIANS TO THE POOR

Medical service to the poor in their homes has been rendered during the year by physicians to the poor to 873 persons as against 825 the preceding year. Free medicine is also furnished to persons treated by them through arrangements with druggists located in various sections of the city.

The physicians to the poor have again had the cordial cooperation of the nurses employed by the Instructive Visiting Nurse Society. These nurses care for cases brought to their attention, and their services have been of the highest value. The nurses are supported by the Instructive Visiting Nurse Society without aid from the city. The city furnished necessary supplies, such as bandages and dressings.

Summary of work of the physicians to the poor for the year ending June 30, 1925

Number of persons treated by physicians to the poor:

White.....	319
Colored.....	554
Total.....	873

Number of families represented in above list:

White.....	508
Colored.....	268
Total.....	776

	Visits made	Office consultations	Physicians' salaries	Cost of medicines ¹
July.....	84	12	\$370	-----
August.....	127	21	377	-----
September.....	92	8	390	-----
October.....	120	4	369	-----
November.....	151	15	383	-----
December.....	106	8	394	-----
January.....	189	6	403	-----
February.....	155	5	340	-----
March.....	145	11	372	-----
April.....	156	4	360	-----
May.....	147	5	372	-----
June.....	135	5	360	-----
Total.....	1,607	104	4,490	\$74.80

¹ Medicines furnished by druggists on prescriptions by physicians to the poor.

Materials furnished:

Nurses' supplies.....	\$1,828.79
Homeopathic medicines.....	96.00
Surgical supplies, crutches, etc.....	652.08
Medicines, supplied from office.....	141.18
Total.....	2,718.05

AMBULANCE SERVICE

Runs made during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1925

Month	To hospitals	To insane asylum	To city hall, police stations, etc.	To almshouse	To railroad stations and wharves	To private homes	When no service was rendered	Total
July.....	91	9	3	5	14	8	16	146
August.....	95	6	3	11	8	4	13	140
September.....	113	5	9	1	8	4	12	152
October.....	106	8	7	8	14	10	10	163
November.....	108	10	13	9	14	12	15	181
December.....	135	7	5	4	8	7	18	184
January.....	147	8	11	6	10	11	19	212
February.....	115	8	11	7	10	11	11	173
March.....	135	7	7	7	9	11	15	191
April.....	152	6	7	9	8	9	18	209
May.....	128	5	14	8	4	9	11	179
June.....	130	5	6	13	11	9	15	189
Total.....	1,455	84	96	88	118	105	173	2,119

TRANSPORTATION OF PAUPERS

The work of the transportation of paupers was carried on in a manner similar to that of the preceding year, careful inquiry being made in all cases presented to us. In making investigations of applicants for transportation, nearly all of whom are nonresident persons, we have had the hearty cooperation of organized charities in other cities and have been materially assisted by the police department. As a result of this system we have eliminated many fraudulent applications and consequently have been able to assist more adequately all genuine cases. We have strictly followed the rule of sending dependent persons through to their destinations, thus avoiding the hardships entailed upon destitute persons sent to intermediate points, where application must be made anew to the authorities for transportation toward their homes.

The number of persons for whom transportation was issued during the year was as follows:

Males, white.....	89
Females, white.....	22
Males, colored.....	33
Females, colored.....	13
Total.....	157
Number sent free.....	133
Where part or all was paid.....	24
Total.....	157

CARE OF THE INSANE

Number of patients on the hospital roll July 1, 1924:

Patients in the hospital—		
Male, white	632	
Female, white	616	
Male, colored	322	
Female, colored	371	
	<hr/>	1, 941
Patients on visit—		
Male, white	26	
Female, white	67	
Male, colored	15	
Female, colored	29	
	<hr/>	137
Patients on elopement—		
Male, white	14	
Female, white	1	
Male, colored	9	
Female, colored	1	
	<hr/>	25
Total		<hr/> 2, 103

Number of admissions:

Male, white	132
Female, white	147
Male, colored	79
Female, colored	89

Readmitted of this number:

Male, white	2
Female, white	1
Male, colored	1
Female, colored	1

Actual number admitted

5

Total including those on hospital roll and admissions

442

2, 545

Number of patients discharged:

Male, white	86
Female, white	89
Male, colored	36
Female, colored	32

Readmitted of this number:

Male, white	2
Female, white	1
Male, colored	1
Female, colored	1

Actual number of patients discharged

5

Died:

Male, white	51
Female, white	32
Male, colored	37
Female, colored	27

Number out on visit July 1, 1925:

Male, white	21
Female, white	32
Male, colored	17
Female, colored	16

Number out on elopement July 1, 1925:

Male, white	7
Female, white	0
Male, colored	9
Female, colored	0

16

Number of patients in hospital July 1, 1925:

Male, white.....	639
Female, white.....	678
Male, colored.....	326
Female, colored.....	415
	<u>2, 058</u>

Total number balancing sheet as above..... 2, 545

Total number on hospital roll July 1, 1925..... 2, 160

Daily average number of patients in hospital during the fiscal year ending
June 30, 1925..... 2, 007

DEPORTATION OF NONRESIDENT INSANE

During the year ending June 30, 1925, as a result of our investigations 166 persons were taken from the list of those chargeable to the District of Columbia. Of this number, 138 were returned to their friends or places of their legal residence, 21 were transferred to the Veterans' Bureau, while 7 were deported to foreign countries.

Finances

I. REFORMATORIES AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

	Work-house	Reformatory	Jail	National Training School for Boys	National Training School for Girls
RECEIPTS					
Appropriations:					
Salaries.....	\$74,788.75	\$56,128.75			\$28,500.00
Maintenance.....	85,000.00	56,000.00	\$95,000.00	\$89,710.00	40,000.00
Repairs.....		4,000.00			
Construction and repairs.....	45,000.00				
Construction.....		30,000.00			
Construction, balance.....	16,314.06	2,015.88		679.58	
Fuel.....	47,500.00	8,000.00			
Transportation.....				2,950.00	
From District of Columbia.....				45,333.57	
Construction of sewer.....			1,800.00		
From private funds.....					5,051.51
From earnings.....		2,318.64		62.99	
Total.....	268,602.81	158,463.27	96,800.00	138,736.14	73,551.51
DISBURSEMENTS					
Salaries and wages.....	86,690.61	61,389.19	41,576.50	56,131.48	28,679.15
Food and ice.....	31,508.07	18,499.09	34,988.86		9,724.48
Laundry and cleaning.....	1,140.73	915.19			608.57
Dry goods and clothing.....	10,784.41	5,921.86	786.26		3,337.49
Fuel, light, power, etc.....		6,553.94	10,534.56		6,060.00
Furniture and household furnishings.....	1,156.37	1,137.83	2,305.83		2,822.95
Medical and surgical supplies.....	261.35	269.61	631.26		2,300.89
Stable, farm, garden, hauling, etc.....	19,031.38	14,050.68	808.42		6,531.33
Repairs.....	(1)	3,525.64	2,187.95		657.60
Transportation.....	2,488.84	1,123.80		2,764.47	
Fuel for maintenance and manufacturing.....	47,347.00				
Miscellaneous.....	6,252.45	4,700.40	1,004.66	71,835.13	2,034.30
Improvements.....					1,984.00
Construction.....	44,752.80	31,860.85		503.46	
Deposited in U. S. Treasury (earnings).....		2,318.64		62.99	
Sewer construction.....			1,707.67		
Total.....	251,414.01	152,266.72	96,531.97	131,297.53	64,740.76
Balance.....	874.74	6,041.52	175.70	7,262.49	4,038.24
Balance in fund.....					4,772.51
Balance, construction.....	16,314.06	155.03	92.33	176.12	
Daily average number.....	413	163	368	327	91
Cost per capita.....	\$500.39	\$710.24	\$257.64	\$401.33	\$689.63
Amount paid under contract.....				\$45,333.57	

¹ Repairs included in item "Construction."² Includes medical and dental services.

II. MEDICAL CHARITIES

	Freeman's Hospital	Columbia Hospital for Women	Garfield Memorial Hospital	Providence Hospital	George Washington University Hospital	Georgetown University Hospital	Children's Hospital	Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital	Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital	Home for Incurables	Tuberculosis Hospital	Gallinger Municipal Hospital
RECEIPTS												
Balance on hand June 30, 1924												
Pay patients	\$23,566.00	\$748.37	\$39,450.93		\$98,192.15	\$10,263.93	\$4,446.12	\$206,520.50	\$25,043.00	\$1,488.43		
Nurses and nurses' board		133,176.95	242,040.40		5,839.85	139,857.39	44,288.71	17,400.00	1,487.03	14,350.10		
Ladies' board			17,700.75		4,125.39		18,570.15	8,636.53		740.52		
Rent, interest, and dividends		53.53	275.00			2,334.30	32,615.00			12.91		
Contributions and entertainments			3,184.30									
Telephone			26,148.66			1,009.36	39,917.30	7,645.00	169.20	94,165.00		
Miscellaneous			7,913.85		3,921.39	539.51	118.27	1,658.71		8.34		
Legacies or endowment		23.79	2,587.27		1,061.62	282.32	979.85	9,014.07	756.30	49.48		
Bonds							29,983.94	11,845.07		271,111.76		
Real property		247.11					435.43	70.00		298.34		
Loans							5,010.16			75,394.56		
Special fund			69,102.97					161,640.27	6,000.00	47,000.00		
Appropriation under contract	42,500.00	16,615.00	15,000.00		5,000.00	5,000.00	17,489.25	22,000.00	10,321.00	4,467.13	\$48,400.00	\$102,360.00
Appropriation for salaries	89,000.00										52,000.00	130,000.00
Appropriation for maintenance	67,000.00										4,000.00	5,000.00
Appropriation for repairs												
Appropriation for heat, light and power												
Appropriation for contagious diseases												
Appropriation for equipment and furniture	18,700.00		10,000.00								9,600.00	10,460.00
Appropriation, additional laundry room											7,500.00	
Balance for construction												189,899.78
Total	240,766.00	165,864.75	433,404.13		118,113.40	159,287.41	198,854.48	447,519.53	44,082.53	583,369.63	121,500.00	497,719.78
Deficiency					1,331.47				9,247.40			
DISBURSEMENTS												
Deficiency from last year												
Salaries and extra services	96,436.29	83,350.51	110,155.55		47,153.70	29,754.79	55,234.85	12,407.57	6,204.83	22,568.17	48,199.46	155,512.74
Fuel and ice	49,078.40	37,392.35	61,644.26		36,049.97	36,508.59	32,041.37	59,420.14	20,555.37	17,062.20	31,879.08	68,338.01
Laundry and cleaning		57,581.56	1,254.00		4,288.26	1,968.35			2,040.00	432.50		2,234.03
Dry goods and clothing	2,973.41				133.10	4,459.30				741.10	1,608.09	9,672.24
Fuel, light, power, etc.	15,078.65	14,665.80	22,352.55		7,256.73	9,818.34	12,552.86	13,576.11	4,236.44	6,443.42	6,034.73	28,923.73

Furniture and household fur-	7,501.91	2,833.02	20,805.70	1,526.54	3,088.45	10,135.58	14,027.89	3,221.86	808.08	1,142.18	1,947.98
nishings.....	17,839.12	8,094.29	22,406.34	9,396.31	7,928.16	12,754.87	34,652.65	802.20		1,710.55	6,923.34
Medical and surgical supplies.							6,162.85				
Ambulance.....											
Garden, stable, farm, hauling,											
etc.....	130.20										2,162.93
Repairs and materials.....	3,877.16	1,524.59		4,653.40	3,272.71	4,146.38	27,636.89	4,265.47	125.27	3,997.45	4,938.78
Interest.....			9,294.68		420.92	6,567.93	17,087.47	79.91			
Rent.....						423.32	150.00				
Miscellaneous.....	16,128.30	11,796.47	25,210.70	5,620.19	10,224.48	9,469.21	8,579.02	2,171.74	2,832.87	9,238.45	9,328.21
Refund.....	838.25						627.00	123.55	11.00		
Commissions and fees.....		14.63					384.23	246.00			
Payment on indebtedness.....			94,213.97		18,000.00	12,000.00	118,999.01				
Investments, legacies, and en-											
dowments.....			37,000.00	220.00	25,000.00	24,930.50			100.00		3,304.99
Building and improvements.....	3,542.76					3,000.00	19,655.62		515,410.45	7,312.50	
Equipment.....	18,439.87			3,144.67		4,442.64	1,372.00		16,008.31	9,514.57	10,386.52
Total.....	231,944.32	160,283.22	404,367.75	119,444.87	150,444.09	189,638.17	413,507.76	53,929.93	582,543.97	120,637.66	303,673.50
Balance in fund.....	8,821.68	3,381.53	29,036.38		8,843.32	4,216.31	33,921.77		208.91	674.84	7,451.49
Balance for construction.....									616.75	187.50	186,594.79
Daily average number of pa-				73	118	85	127	26	68	123	244
tients.....	211	130	147								
Daily average number of free				7	32	63	26	9	13	123	212
patients.....	167	52	18								
Per capita cost.....	\$991.01	\$1,232.84	\$1,857.98	\$1,590.14	\$910.54	\$1,686.19			\$750.21	\$843.99	\$1,188.45
Whole amount paid under											
contract.....	\$42,500.00	\$16,317.50	\$15,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$17,186.25	\$22,487.90	\$10,265.05	\$5,000.00		

III. CHILD CARING WORK

	Board of Children's Guardians	District Training School ¹	Industrial Home School	Industrial Home School for Colored Children
RECEIPTS				
Balance on hand June 30, 1924.....			\$3, 670. 18	
Board of children.....	\$3, 422. 50		700. 68	
Labor of children.....			3, 749. 45	
Appropriation for salaries.....	41, 100. 00		18, 940. 00	\$23, 719. 01
Appropriation for maintenance.....	174, 000. 00	\$20, 000. 00	22, 500. 00	19, 000. 00
Appropriation for repairs.....			3, 000. 00	2, 500. 00
Appropriation for manual training equipment.....				1, 000. 00
Appropriation for erection of cottage for boys (balance).....				24, 840. 14
Appropriation for furniture and house furnishings.....				2, 000. 00
Appropriation for erection of barn (1918).....				1, 500. 00
Appropriation for construction.....		30, 000. 00		
Balance for construction.....		59, 187. 19		
Total.....	218, 522. 50	109, 187. 19	52, 560. 31	74, 559. 15
DISBURSEMENTS				
Salaries and extra services.....	41, 098. 20	6, 501. 18	21, 320. 19	23, 290. 74
Food and ice.....		888. 58	9, 904. 88	6, 543. 20
Laundry and cleaning.....			225. 03	251. 41
Dry goods and clothing.....		893. 58	2, 398. 61	3, 311. 36
Fuel, light, power, etc.....		162. 66	3, 975. 81	2, 793. 31
Furniture and household furnishings.....		3, 886. 79	2, 131. 98	913. 59
Medical and surgical supplies.....		161. 94	² 1, 065. 38	200. 77
Stable, farm, garden, hauling, etc.....		4, 405. 28	2, 293. 31	3, 712. 90
Repairs.....		2, 009. 35	5, 086. 58	2, 305. 36
Manual-training equipment.....				947. 36
Miscellaneous.....	177, 013. 18	1, 075. 68	2, 478. 60	880. 64
Construction.....		30, 000. 00		
Total.....	218, 111. 38	49, 985. 04	50, 880. 37	45, 150. 64
Balance.....	411. 12	14. 96	468. 36	1, 068. 37
Balance in construction.....		59, 187. 19		28, 340. 14
Balance in fund.....			1, 211. 58	
Daily average number.....	1, 641		80	85
Cost per capita.....			\$589. 14	\$531. 18

¹ Opened during the year.² Includes dental and medical services.

IV. MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS

	Municipal Lodging House	Tempo- rary Home for ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors	Home for Aged and Infirm	Florence Critten- ton Home ¹	Southern Relief Society	St. Eliza- beths Hospital, District of Columbia patients	Columbia Poly- technic Institute for the Blind
RECEIPTS							
Balance on hand June 30, 1924.....		\$1,624.00		\$2,656.54	\$1,508.83		\$527.81
Board of inmates.....		107.00		2,455.50			728.00
Interest and dividends.....				69.59	16.99		130.00
Contributions and dues.....				11,505.11	1,035.66		728.00
Entertainments.....				2,936.33	748.89		2,763.74
Telephone.....				2.79	8.55		10.37
Earnings.....							2,060.56
Rent.....		1,399.50		1,200.00			507.50
Miscellaneous.....					16.00		339.10
Refund.....				152.76			20.78
Pensions.....						\$6,122.75	
Legacies or endowments.....				500.00			100.00
Loan.....							2,000.00
Appropriation under con- tract.....				2,594.27	10,041.85		1,500.00
Appropriation for salaries.....	\$3,060.00	2,760.00	\$41,980.00				
Appropriation for mainte- nance.....	3,090.00	5,000.00	50,500.00			1,086,000.00	
Appropriation for repairs.....			4,000.00				
Appropriation for permanent roads.....			500.00				
Appropriation from Veter- ans' Bureau.....							1,339.72
Appropriation for building (balance).....	29,510.85						
Total.....	35,570.85	10,890.50	96,980.00	24,072.89	13,376.77	1,092,122.75	12,027.58
Deficiency.....						6,824.95	
DISBURSEMENTS							
Salaries and extra services.....	3,060.00	3,044.00	41,905.66	4,850.43	1,784.00		6,533.14
Food and ice.....	1,159.94	3,331.95	18,511.00	5,529.78	2,561.99		
Laundry and cleaning.....	246.37	234.77		309.46	79.33		174.54
Dry goods and clothing.....		161.08	3,460.95	910.83			
Fuel, light, power, etc.....	473.35	1,132.15	11,515.40	1,495.18	483.44		578.88
Furniture and house furnish- ings.....	381.84	111.44	2,202.56	490.52	6.49		156.70
Medical and surgical suppl- ies.....			695.50	2,933.67	35.37		
Stable, farm, garden, haul- ing, etc.....			12,735.39	258.23			
Repairs.....	595.99	439.77	3,956.95	380.02	160.75		465.86
Interest.....				15.84			464.28
Rent.....		1.00					
Beneficiaries outside of home.....					5,775.00		
Materials used in industries.....							212.13
Miscellaneous.....	84.80	224.56	1,306.04	1,454.49	1,014.37		1,247.05
Repairs and improvements.....			494.96				
Permanent investment.....				500.00			1,397.50
Refunds.....				50.50			
Total.....	6,062.29	8,680.72	96,784.41	17,178.95	11,900.74	1,098,947.70	11,230.08
Balance.....	57.71	58.27	195.59	6,893.94	1,476.03		797.50
Balance for building.....	29,510.85						
Balance in fund.....		2,151.51					
Daily average number.....	17	21	286	59	18	2,007	
Cost per capita.....	\$353.08	\$413.37	\$336.68	\$281.84			
Whole amount paid under contract.....				\$2,709.98	\$9,764.18	\$1,086,000.00	\$1,500.00

¹ Does not include the building fund.² Includes medical services.

Movement of population

I. REFORMATORY AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS

	Work-house	Reformatory	Jail	National Training School For Boys	National Training School For Girls
Number of inmates June 30, 1924.....	341	163	309	316	86
Admitted during year.....	3,231	128	9,681	215	43
Recaptured.....	2			7	5
Readmitted.....			252		42
Recaptured from previous year.....	4		18		
Returned parole violators.....		5		18	
Infants.....					3
Total.....	3,578	296	10,260	556	179
Discharged.....	3,161	62	6,323	65	2
Transferred.....		1	3,493	8	
Paroled.....		43	1	109	62
Escaped.....	21		31	23	8
Died.....			1	1	1
Executed.....			2		
Number remaining June 30, 1925.....	396	190	409	350	1106
Total.....	3,578	296	10,260	556	179
Daily average number.....	413	163	368	2327	91

¹ Includes 3 infants.² Of this number 115 were District of Columbia boys.

II. MEDICAL CHARITIES

	Freed-men's Hospital	Columbia Hospital	Garfield Memorial Hospital	Providence Hospital ¹	George Washington University Hospital	Georgetown University Hospital
Number of patients, June 30, 1924.....	215	136	115	0	67	108
Admitted during year.....	3,705	2,410	3,877	409	2,218	3,401
Births.....	351	1,482	549		275	477
Total.....	4,271	4,028	4,541	409	2,560	3,986
Discharged.....	3,791	3,771	4,210	364	2,331	3,708
Died.....	276	97	173	21	93	149
Number remaining June 30, 1925.....	204	160	158	21	76	129
Total.....	4,271	4,028	4,541	409	2,560	3,986
Daily average number of patients.....	211	130	147		73	118
Daily average number of free patients.....	167	52	18	21	7	32
Number of cases treated in dispensary.....	18,845	7,018	2,966		1,719	4,112
Number of new cases treated in dispensary.....	31,659	2,136	1,593		5,820	2,688
Number of visits to dispensary.....		9,174	6,065		7,539	8,087

	Children's Hospital	Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital	Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital	Home for Incurables	Tuberculosis Hospital	Gallinger Municipal Hospital
Number of patients, June 30, 1924.....	86	114	20	57	120	255
Admitted during year.....	2,818	4,102	1,167	51	282	3,803
Births.....			10			233
Total.....	2,904	4,216	1,197	108	402	4,291
Discharged.....	2,599	3,896	1,109	12	169	3,739
Died.....	233	186	69	13	94	310
Number remaining June 30, 1925.....	72	124	19	83	139	242
Total.....	2,904	4,216	1,197	108	402	4,291
Daily average number of patients.....	85	127	26	68	123	244
Daily average number of free patients.....	63	26	9	13	123	242
Number of cases treated in dispensary.....	2,909	5,636	657			
Number of new cases treated in dispensary.....	8,138	1,746				
Number of visits to dispensary.....		3,890	657			

¹ Charity cases only.

III. CHILD CARING

	Board of Children's Guardians			Industrial Home School	Industrial Home School for Colored Children
	Permanent wards	Temporary wards	Feeble-minded (not wards)		
Number under care June 30, 1924.....	1,251	257	78	76	83
Inmates or wards received.....	157	390	19	193	138
Total.....	1,408	647	97	269	221
Discharged.....	137	314	-----	180	104
Died.....	4	3	1	-----	-----
Absconded.....	-----	-----	-----	1	32
Number remaining June 30, 1925.....	1,267	330	96	88	85
Total.....	1,408	647	97	269	221
Daily average number.....	1,259	295	87	80	85

IV. MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS

	Municipal Lodging House	Temporary Home for ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors	Home for Aged and Infirm	Florence Crittenton Home	Southern Relief Society	St. Elizabeths Hospital, District of Columbia patients
Number of inmates June 30, 1924.....	-----	17	278	63	18	2,103
Admitted during year.....	6,818	1,187	96	55	4	442
Readmitted.....	-----	14	65	27	-----	5
Births.....	-----	-----	-----	28	-----	-----
Total.....	-----	1,218	439	173	22	2,550
Discharged.....	-----	1,204	90	110	2	243
Died.....	-----	-----	49	2	2	147
Transferred.....	-----	-----	-----	5	-----	-----
Number remaining June 30, 1925.....	-----	14	300	56	18	2,160
Total.....	-----	1,218	439	173	22	2,550
Daily average number.....	17	21	286	59	118	2,007

¹ In addition to those cared for in institution 33 outside the institution received assistance.

Daily average number of persons cared for during 15 years, 1911-1925

	1911	1912	1913	1914	1915	1916	1917	1918	1919	1920	1921	1922	1923	1924	1925
REFORMATORY AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS															
Workhouse.....	448	534	620	644	622	634	631	373	433	334	208	269	340	335	413
Reformatory.....							66	133	134	136	159	178	199	161	163
Jail.....		214	237	227	238	253	214	227	318	297	243	290	320	355	368
National Training School for Boys.....	369	387	371	336	364	396	408	387	362	390	341	330	298	297	327
National Training School for Girls.....	79	79	79	78	80	74	84	86	88	106	112	106	60	70	91
MEDICAL CHARITIES															
Freedmen's Hospital.....	168	198	192	185	203	203	217	206	169	158	151	158	163	169	167
Columbia Hospital.....	48	59	55	56	56	57	56	42	34	38	36	41	35	29	30
Garfield Hospital.....	51	54	55	53	55	50	46	43	28	27	23	27	27	25	23
George Washington University Hospital.....	10	15	14	14	14	14	14	11	6	7	7	8	9	8	7
Georgetown University Hospital.....	25	33	35	37	33	23	20	16	7	12	10	9	9	13	10
Providence Hospital.....	94	91	93	93	91	89	85	68	75	24	24	18	21	22	21
Central Dispensary and Emergency Hospital.....	17	24	24	26	27	48	41	30	39	24	28	31	35	26	27
Children's Hospital.....	64	57	64	58	67	72	66	57	45	40	34	41	41	45	38
Homeopathic Hospital.....	24	23	22	25	25	24	24	19							
Eastern Dispensary and Casualty Hospital.....	15	16	16	17	20	23	29	39	24	9	3	18	12	10	11
Home for Incurables.....	55	59	60	60	61	60	61	55	57	57	57	57	58	57	68
Tuberculosis Hospital.....	81	94	93	103	124	140	129	119	110	109	115	126	124	109	123
Gallinger Municipal Hospital.....	151	174	160	181	198	179	157	146	143	131	131	136	167	222	244
CHILD-CARING CHARITIES															
Board of Children's Guardians.....	1,625	1,621	1,696	1,779	1,910	1,969	2,009	2,110	2,121	2,062	1,940	1,873	1,663	1,631	1,641
Industrial Home School.....	138	143	138	142	143	144	133	121	105	109	83	65	(?)	58	80
Industrial Home School for Colored Children.....	52	65	63	64	76	92	91	92	92	89	86	86	86	87	85
National Association for Colored Women and Children.....	88	90	95	91	91	86	86	71			11	25	27	0	0
Washington Home for Foundlings.....	37	40	38	42	58	65	68		50	47	25	36	46	0	0
St. Ann's Infant Asylum.....	139	136		128	122	111	105				82	129	95	0	0
MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS															
Home for Aged and Infirm.....	294	282	296	294	315	338	326	339	296	287	277	299	304	278	286
Municipal Lodging House.....	18	20	14	20	27	19	12	9	9	6	10	22	9	15	17
Temporary Home for ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors.....	26	30	31	32	24	25	22	18	17	15	17	14	12	15	21
Florence Crittenton Home.....	113	103	124	112	114	112	60	64	55	65	69	65	59	38	59
Aid Association for the Blind.....	9	9	11	15	13	16	15	14	12	12	15	16	20	20	0
Southern Relief Society Home.....						13	18	17	17	18	16	18	18	17	18
Government Hospital for the Insane—District of Columbia patients.....	1,373	1,496	1,453	1,515	1,591	1,643	1,582	1,666	1,637	1,637	1,762	1,784	1,865	1,906	2,007

¹ During 7 months.

² Close to during entire year.

³ Includes those patients for whose care the District is reimbursed.

Cost per capita per day

[This table shows the total cost per capita per day, classified by items, at the various institutions]

	Salaries and extra services	Food						Ice	Laundry	Clothing and dry goods	Fuel, light, power, and engineering supplies	Furniture and household furnishings	Medical and surgical supplies and instruments	Stable, farm, garden, hauling, etc.	Current repairs and materials for same	Interest	Miscellaneous	Total
		Food																
		Meals, fish, etc.	Flour	Bread	Groceries and provisions	Milk	Total											
REFORMATORY AND CORRECTIONAL INSTITUTIONS																		
Workhouse	\$0.5751	\$0.0831	\$0.0637				\$0.2090	\$0.0076	\$0.0715	\$0.3141	\$0.0077	\$0.0017	\$0.1262				\$0.0580	\$1.3709
Reformatory	1.0318	.3065	.0621	.0030	.0365	.1315	.0044	.0154	.0905	.1102	.0191	.0045	.2302				.0079	1.9848
Jail	.4703	.0883	.0191	.0065	.1736		.2875	.0183	.1065	.1824	.0850	.0693	.1906				.0250	1.0953
National Training School for Boys	.8034																.0613	1.8894
MEDICAL CHARITIES																		
Freedmen's Hospital	1.2522	.2816		.0447	.3362	.0900	.6373	.0122	.0386	.1958	.0982	.2316	.0017				.2004	2.7151
Columbia Hospital for Women	1.7572	.3248		.0373	.6287	.1225	.1731	.0234		.3001	.0597	.1706					.2486	3.3776
Garfield Memorial Hospital	2.0536	.3248					1.1143	.0347		.4166	.3877	.4176				\$0.1727	.4698	5.0904
George Washington University Hospital	1.7697						1.2565	.0965		.2723	.0573	.3526					.2110	3.3665
Georgetown University Hospital	.6908						.8477	.0457		.2280	.0717	.1841					.2471	2.4946
Children's Hospital	1.7803						.9894	.0434		.4046	.3267	.4111					.3189	4.6197
Home for Incubables	.9093	.1576		.0349	.3802	.0816	.6653	.0241	.0299	.2596		.0326					.1142	2.6534
Tuberculosis Hospital	1.0736	.1857		.0279	.0486		.6976	.0126	.0358	.1344	.0254	.0381					.2038	2.3123
Gallinger Municipal Hospital	1.7462	.2199	.0028	.0535	.4001	.0746	.7509	.0164	.1086	.3248	.0219	.0777	.0243				.1047	3.2560
CHILD-CARING INSTITUTIONS																		
Industrial Home School	.7302						.3340	.0052	.0821	.1362	.0730	.0365	.0785				.0849	1.7425
Industrial Home School for Colored Children	.7508	.0914	.0026	.0410	.0743		.2093	.0016	.1067	.0900	.0294	.0065	.1197				.0589	1.4553
MISCELLANEOUS INSTITUTIONS																		
Municipal Lodging House	.4931	.0498		.0376	.0866		.1740	.0130	.0397	.0763	.0615						.0960	.9673
Temporary Home for ex-Union Soldiers and Sailors	.3972	.1818	.0011	.0308	.1801	.0144	.4082	.0265	.0306	.1477	.0145						.0574	1.1325
Home for the Aged and Infirm	.4014	.0619	.0188		.0966		.1773	.0382	.0332	.1103	.0211	.0067	.1220				.0379	.9224
Florence Crittenton Home	.2252	.0240		.1221	.1001		.2462	.0107	.0423	.0694	.0228	.0433	.0120				.0683	.7722

¹ Does not include repairs.² Includes medical services.

